
Contents

Preface.....	xiii
About the Authors	xv
Chapter 1 Laboratory animal bacteriology: The past, the present, and the future	1
1.1 Foundation of the discipline of bacteriology	1
1.2 The need for securing the absence of zoonoses	2
1.3 Eradication of bacterial pathogens.....	2
1.3.1 The early age of laboratory animal pathology	2
1.3.2 Specific pathogen-free animal breeding and health monitoring	3
1.3.3 New agents with a research-interfering potential.....	4
1.3.4 The development of health monitoring.....	4
1.4 The impact of the symbiotic microbiota.....	5
1.4.1 The development of gnotobiototechnology	5
1.4.2 Schaedler's flora	6
1.4.3 Microbiome studies	7
1.5 The future of laboratory animal bacteriology	8
References	10
Chapter 2 Sampling animals for bacteriological examination	15
2.1 Examining healthy animals.....	15
2.1.1 Sampling strategies	17
2.1.1.1 Random sampling.....	17
2.1.1.2 Calculation of the sample size	17
2.1.2 Sampling frequency	19
2.1.3 Defining the microbiological entity.....	19
2.2 Characterization of the commensal microbiota.....	20
2.3 Sampling procedures	21
2.3.1 Planning the work.....	21
2.3.2 Euthanasia	21
2.3.3 Blood sampling	24
2.3.4 Instruments and sterilizing procedures during sampling...	26

2.3.5	Opening and inspecting the carcass	27
2.3.6	Sampling from various organs	27
2.3.7	Sampling from diseased animals.....	34
2.3.8	Sampling from live animals.....	36
2.3.8.1	Sampling from the gut.....	36
2.3.8.2	Sampling from the respiratory pathways	39
	References	45
Chapter 3 Cultivation and identification of bacteria.....		49
3.1	The basic steps in cultivation.....	49
3.2	The choice of media.....	50
3.3	Incubation of media	51
3.4	Isolation of bacteria	52
3.5	Initial characterization of the isolates.....	52
3.6	Conclusive identification	55
3.6.1	Specific techniques used for identification of bacteria.....	59
3.6.1.1	Gram-stainability tests.....	59
3.6.1.2	Other methods used for describing the shape of bacteria.....	61
3.6.1.3	Motility tests.....	61
3.6.1.4	Test for aerobic and anaerobic growth	62
3.6.1.5	Catalase test	62
3.6.1.6	Cytochrome oxidase test.....	62
3.6.1.7	Acid-fast or spore staining	63
3.6.1.8	Carbohydrate fermentation and utilization assays.....	63
3.6.1.9	Disk methods.....	64
3.6.1.10	Commercial test kits.....	64
3.7	Molecular biology-based methods for rapid identification of microorganisms	67
3.7.1	Extraction of DNA	67
3.7.2	Grouping by repetitive DNA element PCR	67
3.7.3	Identification by ribosomal RNA gene sequencing.....	68
	References	69
Chapter 4 Immunological methods		71
4.1	Antigens and antibodies.....	71
4.2	Agglutination	72
4.3	Immunofluorescence techniques.....	73
4.3.1	Diagnosing the presence of bacteria in a sample.....	73
4.3.2	The immunofluorescence assay.....	75
4.4	Immunoenzymatic staining.....	77
4.5	Enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay	79

4.5.1	Principles	79
4.5.2	The microtiter plates	79
4.5.3	The antigen	82
4.5.4	Antibodies, enzymes, and substrates	82
4.5.5	Coating the wells	84
4.5.6	Blocking the wells.....	85
4.5.7	Performing the assay.....	86
4.5.8	Control sera	87
4.5.9	Interpretation of the OD value.....	87
4.6	Immunoblotting.....	87
4.7	Multiplex	89
	References	90

Chapter 5 Molecular biology-based methods for microbiota

	characterization	91
5.1	Why molecular biology-based methods?.....	91
5.2	RNA and DNA storage and extraction.....	92
5.3	Denaturing and temperature gradient gel electrophoresis.....	92
5.4	Terminal restriction fragment length polymorphism analysis	95
5.5	Clone library analysis	95
5.6	High-throughput sequencing	97
5.7	Quantitative real-time PCR.....	99
	References	100

Chapter 6 Mechanisms behind bacterial impact on animal

	models	103
6.1	Mechanisms of pathogenicity and research interference from specific bacteria.....	103
6.1.1	Pathogenicity versus research interference	103
6.1.2	Epidemiological terms	104
6.1.3	Host–bacterial interaction influencing pathogenicity and research interference	104
	6.1.3.1 Adhesins and receptors	106
	6.1.3.2 Toxins.....	108
6.1.4	Host–environment interaction influencing pathogenicity and research interference.....	109
6.2	Mechanisms of pathogenicity and research interference from the commensal gut microbiota	110
6.2.1	Host–microbial interactions within immunity	110
	6.2.1.1 Interactions within acquired immunity.....	110
	6.2.1.2 Interactions within innate immunity	113
6.2.2	Host–microbial interactions within metabolism	115
	References	116

8.12	Lachnospiraceae.....	158
8.13	Eubacteriaceae.....	158
8.14	Ruminococcaceae.....	158
	References	158
Chapter 9 Bacteroidetes		167
9.1	Introduction.....	167
9.2	Bacteroidales.....	168
9.2.1	Bacteroidaceae	168
9.2.1.1	Impact on the host	168
9.2.1.2	Characteristics of the agent	169
9.2.2	S24-7.....	169
9.2.3	Prevotellaceae.....	169
9.2.3.1	Impact on the host	169
9.2.3.2	Characteristics of the agent	170
9.2.4	Rikenellaceae.....	170
9.2.5	Porphyromonadaceae.....	170
9.3	Flavobacteriales.....	170
9.4	Sphingobacteriales.....	171
9.4.1	Cilia-associated respiratory bacillus.....	171
9.4.1.1	Impact on the host	171
9.4.1.2	Characteristics of the agent	172
	References	172
Chapter 10 Proteobacteria		177
10.1	Gammaproteobacteria	177
10.1.1	Enterobacteriaceae.....	177
10.1.1.1	Impact on the host	178
10.1.1.2	Characteristics of the agent	180
10.1.2	Pasteurellaceae.....	186
10.1.2.1	Impact on the host	186
10.1.2.2	Characteristics of the agent	188
10.1.3	Pseudomonadacea	191
10.1.3.1	Pseudomonas.....	191
10.1.4	Francisellaceae	192
10.1.4.1	Francisella	192
10.1.5	Aeromonadaceae, Xanthomonadaceae, Sphingomonadaceae, and Moraxcellaceae.....	194
10.2	Betaproteobacteria	195
10.2.1	Alcaligenaceae.....	195
10.2.1.1	Bordetella	195
10.2.2	Spirillaceae.....	196
10.2.2.1	<i>Spirillum minus</i>	196

10.3	Epsilonproteobacteria	197
10.3.1	Campylobacteraceae.....	197
10.3.1.1	Campylobacter	197
10.3.2	Helicobacteraceae	199
10.3.2.1	Helicobacter	199
10.3.2.2	Rabbit-associated cilia-associated respiratory bacillus	203
10.4	Alphaproteobacteria.....	203
	References	204
Chapter 11 Actinobacteria.....		213
11.1	Introduction.....	213
11.2	Micrococcaceae	213
11.3	Corynebacteriaceae	214
11.3.1	Characteristics of infection.....	215
11.3.2	Characteristics of the agent	216
11.4	Actinomycetaceae	216
11.4.1	<i>Actinomyces</i>	216
11.4.2	<i>Arcanobacterium</i>	218
11.5	Mycobacteriaceae.....	219
11.5.1	Characteristics of infection.....	219
11.5.2	Characteristics of the agent	219
11.6	Bifidobacteriaceae	222
	References	223
Chapter 12 Spirochaetae.....		227
12.1	Introduction.....	227
12.2	<i>Treponema</i>	227
12.2.1	Impact on the host	227
12.2.2	Characteristics of the agent	228
12.3	<i>Brachyspira</i>	229
12.4	<i>Leptospira</i>	229
12.4.1	Impact on the host	229
12.4.2	Characteristics of the agent	230
	References	231
Chapter 13 Tenericutes		233
13.1	Introduction.....	233
13.2	<i>Mycoplasma</i>	233
13.2.1	Impact on the host	233
13.2.2	Characteristics of the agent	235
13.3	<i>Acholeplasma</i>	238
	References	239

Chapter 14 Verrucomicrobia, Deferribacteres, Fusobacterium, and TM7.....	243
14.1 Verrucomicrobia	243
14.1.1 <i>Akkermansia</i>	243
14.1.1.1 Impact on the host	243
14.1.1.2 Characteristics of the agent	244
14.2 Deferribacteres	244
14.2.1 <i>Mucispirillum schaedleri</i>	244
14.2.1.1 Impact on the host	244
14.2.1.2 Characteristics of the agent	245
14.3 Fusobacteria.....	245
14.3.1 <i>Fusobacterium necrophorum</i>	245
14.3.1.1 Impact on the host	245
14.3.1.2 Characteristics of the agent	246
14.3.2 <i>Streptobacillus moniliformis</i>	247
14.3.2.1 Impact on the host	247
14.3.2.2 Characteristics of the agent	248
14.4 Candidate phylum TM7.....	248
References	249
 Appendix A: Producers of reagents for laboratory animal bacteriology.....	 253
 Appendix B: Biosafety levels for microbiological laboratories.....	 255
References	260
 Appendix C: Media buffers and reagents commonly applied in laboratory animal bacteriology.....	 261